

DA-IRIGB-4DIO-PCI104-EMC4 Module User's Manual

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DA-IRIGB-4DIO-PCI104-EMC4 Module User's Manual

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Introduction

Thank you for purchasing Moxa's DA-IRIGB-4DIO-PCI104-EMC4 module for embedded computers that support the PCI/104 interface.

The DA-IRIGB-4DIO-PCI104-EMC4 module features 3 digital inputs and 4 digital outputs and provides precision timing information using IRIG-B input signals.

The following topics are covered in this chapter:

- ❑ **Overview**
- ❑ **Package Checklist**
- ❑ **Product Features**
- ❑ **Product Specifications**

Overview

The DA-IRIGB-4DIO-PCI104-EMC4 module features 3 digital inputs and 4 digital outputs, and provides precision timing information using IRIG-B input signals. The module is designed for embedded computers that support the PCI/104 interface. The DA-IRIGB-4DIO-PCI104-EMC4 module includes two DB9 connectors for IRIG-B input signals and DIOs in embedded computers.

The DA-IRIGB-4DIO-PCI104-EMC4 module includes jumpers that enable you to configure the I/O base address and the INT vector for each port. In addition, the built-in EMC level 4 protection safeguards the module connected to the IRIG-B input signals and digital input and digital output devices.

Package Checklist

MOXA performs a careful mechanical and electrical inspection of each module prior to shipping. Your module should arrive in perfect electrical order, free of any marks or scratches. Please handle the module by the edges only, since your body's static charge can damage the integrated circuits. When the module is not in use, keep it in the anti-static package provided. You may also use this package to return the module if it requires repair.

The DA-IRIGB-4DIO-PCI104-EMC4 module is shipped with the following items:

- DA-IRIGB-4DIO-PCI104-EMC4 module
- 2 DB9 connectors
- 4 15 mm M/F M3x6/M3x7 spacers
- 4 4.8 mm M/F 4-40x7/4-40x4.75 spacers
- 4 screws
- Quick Installation Guide
- Warranty card

NOTE Please notify your sales representative if any of the above items are missing or damaged.

Product Features

The DA-IRIGB-4DIO-PCI104-EMC4 module features the following:

- 1 IRIG-B signal input port to support S/W controlled TTL/differential signal input
- 3 digital inputs , 4 digital outputs
- Built-in EMC level 4 protection
- Configurable IRQ and I/O settings
- Onboard status LED indicators for IRIG-B signal input

Product Specifications

Hardware

Communication Controller: FPGA Cyclone IV @ 25 MHz

Bus: PCI/104

Connectors: 2-pin wafer, 10-pin wafer

Jumper: PCI resource

Interface

Connector: DB9 male

Protection

ESD Protection: 8 kV contact, 15 kV Air ESD protection

Surge Protection: 2 kV line-to-line and 4 kV line-to-ground surge protection, 8/20 μ s waveform

Input Signals

IRIG-B: TTL or differential

Time Code Input

IRIG-B: Based on the IRIG STANDARD 200-04 and IEEE 1344

Precision and Accuracy

Accuracy (Time Synchronization): $\pm 1 \mu$ s

Accuracy (Free Running): ± 500 ms @ 24 hr

Timebase Precision: ± 40 ns

Digital Input

Input Channels: 3, source type

Input Voltage: 0 to 30 VDC

Digital Input Levels for Dry Contacts:• Logic level 0: Close to GND

- Logic level 1: Open

Digital Input Levels for Wet Contacts:• Logic level 0: +3 V max.

- Logic level 1: +10 V to +30 V (source to DI)

Isolation: 3 kV optical isolation

Connector Type: DB9 male

Digital Output

Output Channels: 4, sink type

Output Current: Max. 200 mA per channel

On-state Voltage: 24 VDC nominal, open collector to 30 V

Isolation: 3 kV optical isolation

Connector Type: DB9

Operating Systems

Windows: Windows 7E

Linux: Debian 7

Physical Characteristics

Dimensions: 90 x 96 mm (3.54 x 3.78 in)

Environmental Limits

Operating Temperature: -10 to 60°C (14 to 140°F)

Storage Temperature: -40 to 85°C (-40 to 185°F)

Ambient Relative Humidity: 5 to 95% (non-condensing)

Altitude: Up to 2000 m

Standards and Certifications

EMC: CE, FCC

EMI: EN 55022, EN 61000-3-2, EN 61000-3-3, FCC Part 15 Subpart B Class A

EMS: EN 55024, IEC 61000-4-2, IEC 61000-4-3, IEC 61000-4-4, IEC 61000-4-5, IEC 61000-4-6, IEC 61000-4-8, IEC 61000-4-11

Green Product: RoHS, CRoHS, WEEE

MTBF (mean time between failures)

Time: 1,145,189 hrs

Database: Telcordia (Bellcore), GB

Power Requirements

Power Consumption: 2 W

Warranty

Warranty Period: 5 years

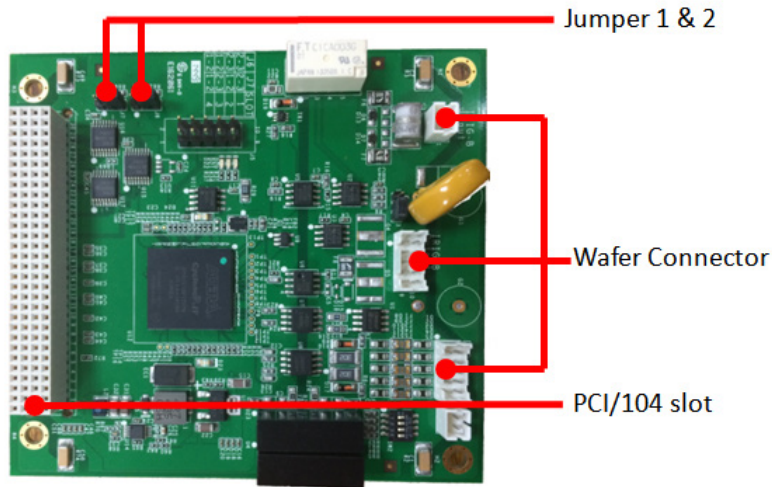
Hardware Installation

This chapter explains how to install the DA-IRIGB-4DIO-PCI104-EMC4 module.

The following topics are covered in this chapter:

- ❑ **Block Diagram**
- ❑ **Pin Assignments**
 - IRIB-B Signal Input
 - Digital Input and Digital Output
- ❑ **Installing the DA-IRIGB-4DIO-PCI104-EMC4**

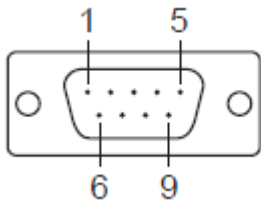
Block Diagram



Pin Assignments

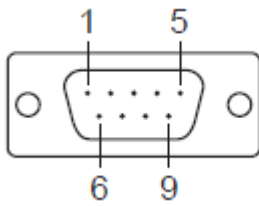
This section includes the pin assignment for the male DB9 connectors to connect to an IRIG-B signal source or a digital input (DI) or digital output (DO) device.

IRIB-B Signal Input



Pin	Differential	TTL
1		
2		
3	Data +	TTL
4	Data -	GND
5		
6		
7		
8		
9		

Digital Input and Digital Output



Pin	3DIs, 4DOs
1	DO 0
2	DO 1
3	DO 2
4	DO 3
5	DO COM
6	DI 0
7	DI 1
8	DI 2
9	DI Source

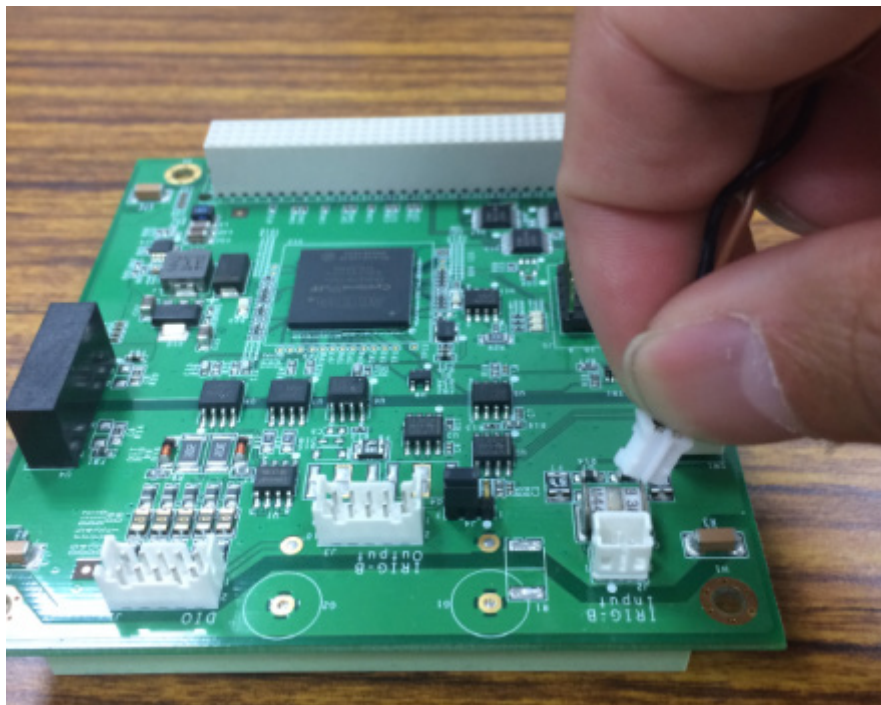
Installing the DA-IRIGB-4DIO-PCI104-EMC4



ATTENTION

To prevent damage to your system or the main board, make sure that you turn off the embedded computer before installing the DA-IRIGB-4DIO-PCI104-EMC4 module.

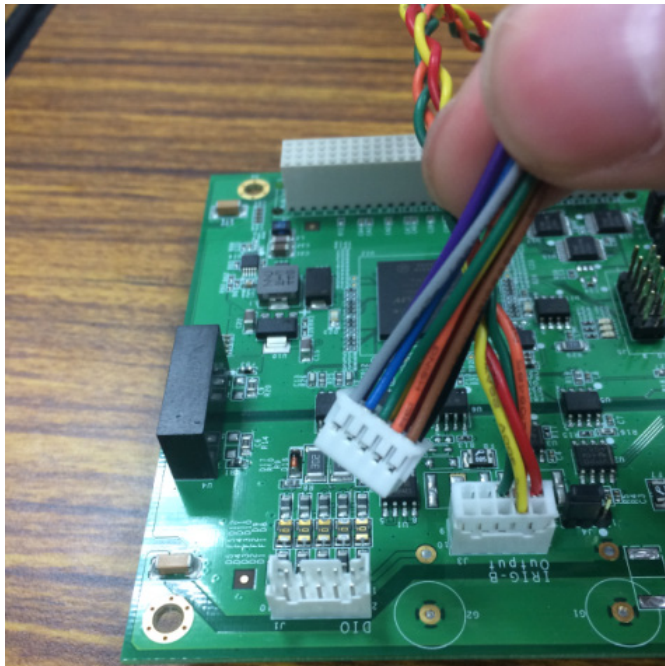
1. Turn off the embedded computer.
2. Connect the cables. Complete the following actions:
 - a. Connect the 2-wire IRIG-B input signal cable.



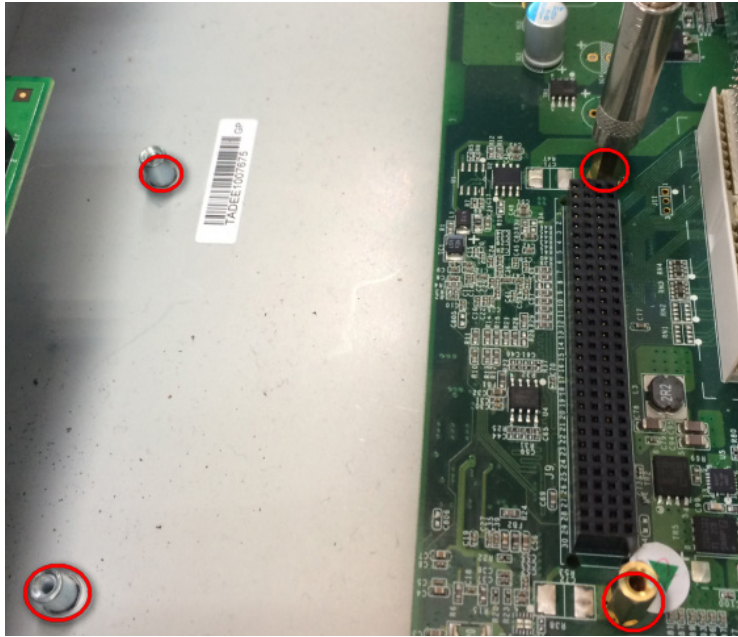
b. Connect the 4-wire IRIG-B output signal cable.



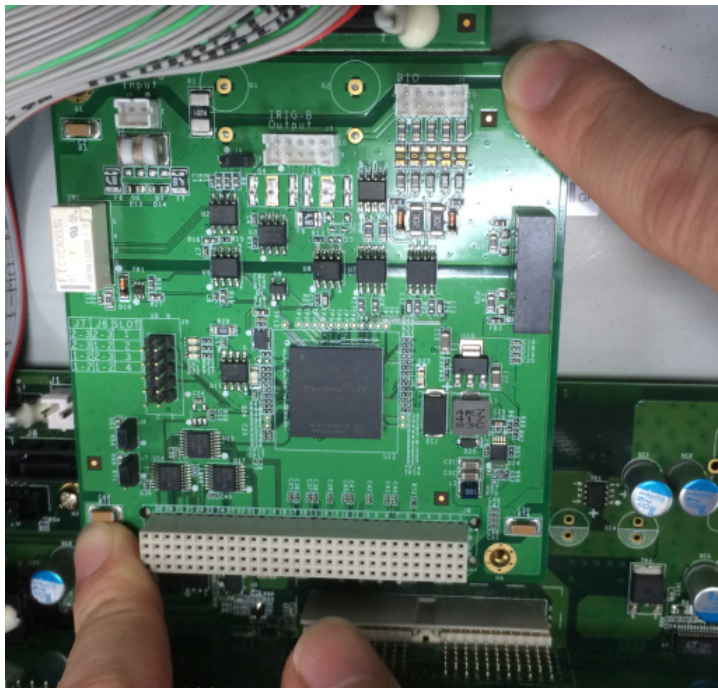
c. Connect the 10-wire DIO signal cable.



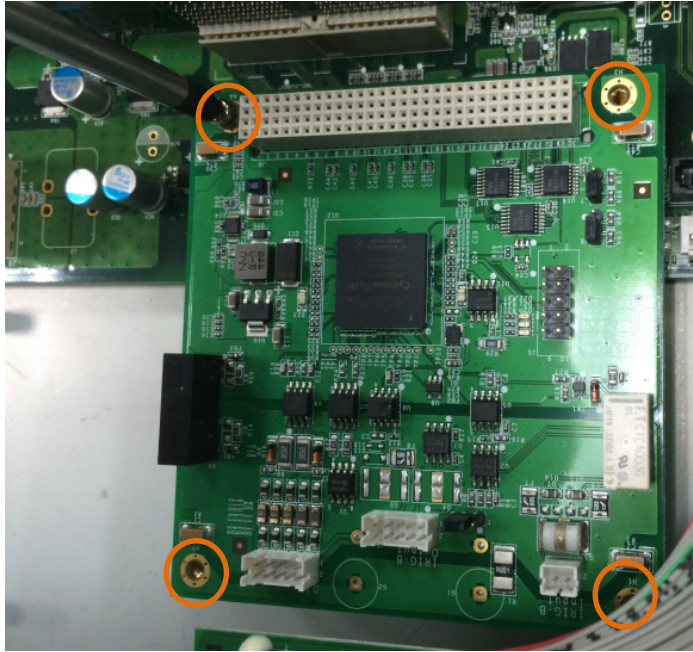
3. Install the four 15 mm spacers on the embedded computer.



4. Insert the module firmly into an available PCI/104 slot.

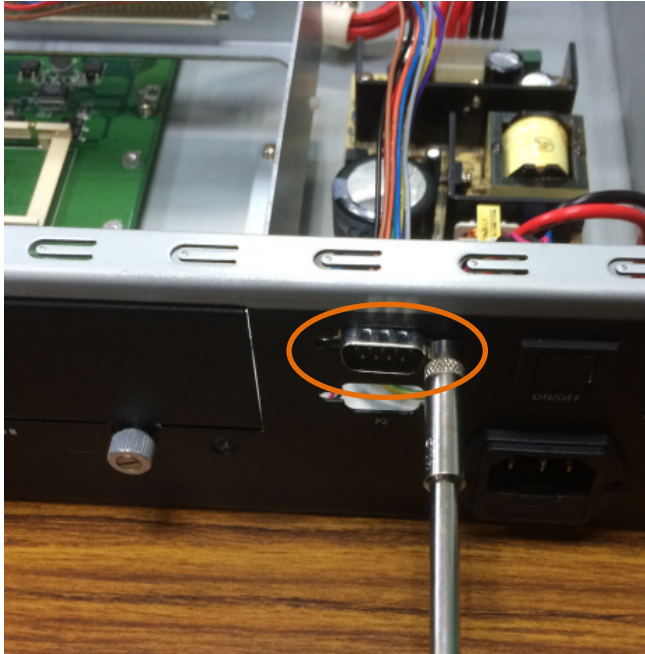


5. Install the four screws to secure the module in place.



6. Secure the DB9 connectors on the rear panel of the embedded computer.





7. Turn on the embedded computer. The BIOS will automatically set the IRQ and I/O address.

Software Installation and Configuration

This chapter describes how to install driver and utility for the DA-IRIGB-4DIO-PCI104-EMC4 on an embedded computer running Linux or Windows 7 (64-bit), and how to configure the software settings.

The following topic is covered in this chapter:

- ❑ **Installing the IRIG-B Driver in Linux**
 - Online Installation
 - Off-line Installation
- ❑ **Using the timesync Daemon in Linux**
 - Examples
 - Configuring the timesync Daemon
- ❑ **Using the IRIG-B Utility in Linux**
 - Examples
- ❑ **Installing the IRIG-B Driver in Windows 7**
- ❑ **Installing the IRIG-B Utility in Windows 7**
- ❑ **Using the IRIG-B Utility in Windows 7**
- ❑ **Configuring IRIG-B Parameters**
 - Input Signal Type
 - IRIG-B Parity Mode
- ❑ **Configuring Time Synchronization Settings in Windows 7**
 - Selecting a Time Input Source
 - Synchronizing with System Time
- ❑ **Configuring Digital Output and Input Status**
- ❑ **Using the mxIrigUtil Command**

Installing the IRIG-B Driver in Linux

NOTE The driver for the DA-IRIGB-4DIO-PCI104-EMC4 module supports only Debian 7 Linux distribution (kernel version 3.2.x). Before you install the driver in a different Linux distribution or kernel version, contact your Moxa sales representative for assistance.

You can install the Linux driver for the DA-IRIGB-4DIO-PCI104-EMC4 module on the embedded computer using one of the following methods:

- Online from Moxa's APT server
- Off-line

Online Installation

1. Make sure that your embedded computer has access to the Internet.
2. If the unzip package is not installed on the computer, run the following command to install it.

```
root@moxa:~# sudo apt-get install unzip
```

3. Download Moxa's Debian server public key (NEW-MOXA-SYS-DEBIAN-KEY) to the /home/ directory on your target computer.

```
root@moxa:~# sudo wget
http://www.moxa.com/drivers/UC/MOXA_SYS_DEB_KEY/MOXA-SYS-DEBIAN-KEY.zip
```

4. Unzip and Install Moxa's public key file on the embedded computer (for example, DA-682A).

```
root@moxa:~# sudo unzip MOXA-SYS-DEBIAN-KEY
root@moxa:~# cd MOXA-SYS-DEBIAN-KEY
root@moxa:~# sudo apt-key add NEW-MOXA-SYS-DEBIAN-KEY
```

5. In the /etc/apt/sources.list file, insert one of the following lines to add the Moxa APT server:

```
deb http://220.135.161.42/debian wheezy main
deb http://debian.moxa.com/debian wheezy main
```

The following figure shows an example.

```
root@moxa:~# sudo vi /etc/apt/sources.list
...
# Add Moxa's apt server
deb http://220.135.161.42/debian wheezy main
```

6. Install the irigb package from Moxa' APT server. Complete the following steps:

- a. Update the package list.

```
root@moxa:~# sudo apt-get update
```

- b. Check the irigb package.

```
root@moxa:~# sudo apt-cache search irigb
da-682a-irigb-driver - Moxa DA-682A IRIG-B module device driver
da-682a-irigb-timesync-daemon - Moxa DA-682A IRIG-B time sync daemon
```

- c. Install the IRIG-B driver and the timesync daemon. Follow the on-screen instruction. The following figure shows the installation screen for the DA-682A.

```
root@moxa:~# sudo apt-get install da-682a-irigb-timesync-daemon
Reading package lists... Done
Building dependency tree
Reading state information... Done
The following extra packages will be installed:
```



```

da-682a-irigb-driver
The following NEW packages will be installed:
  da-682a-irigb-driver da-682a-irigb-timesync-daemon
0 upgraded, 2 newly installed, 0 to remove and 83 not upgraded.
Need to get 77.8 kB of archives.
After this operation, 0 B of additional disk space will be used.
Do you want to continue [Y/n]? Y
Get:1 http://220.135.161.42/debian/ wheezy/main da-682a-irigb-driver amd64 1.1
[67.7 kB]
Get:2 http://220.135.161.42/debian/ wheezy/main da-682a-irigb-timesync-daemon
amd64 1.2 [10.1 kB]
Fetched 77.8 kB in 0s (851 kB/s)
Selecting previously unselected package da-682a-irigb-driver.
(Reading database ... 31660 files and directories currently installed.)
Unpacking da-682a-irigb-driver (from ../da-682a-irigb-driver_1.1_amd64.deb) ...
Selecting previously unselected package da-682a-irigb-timesync-daemon.
Unpacking da-682a-irigb-timesync-daemon
(from ../da-682a-irigb-timesync-daemon_1.2_amd64.deb) ...
Setting up da-682a-irigb-driver (1.1) ...
WARNING: -e needs -E or -F
Setting up da-682a-irigb-timesync-daemon (1.2) ...

```

6. Verify that the driver is loaded and the time sync daemon is running.
 - a. Use the `lsmod` command to check whether the IRIG-B module is loaded.

```

root@Moxa:~# lsmod|grep irig
moxa_irigb          12683  1

```

- b. Verify that the timesync daemon is running with the default configuration.

```

root@Moxa:~# root@Moxa:~# ps aux|grep ServiceSyncTime
root      3078  0.0  0.1 16136 1140 ?        S    10:43   0:00
/usr/sbin/ServiceSyncTime -t 1 -i 10 -B

```

Off-line Installation

1. Download the driver from the Moxa web site at <http://www.moxa.com>.
2. Upload or copy the following files to the embedded computer (for example, DA-682A):
 - NEW-MOXA-SYS-DEBIAN-KEY
 - DA-682A-irigb-driver-1.1_amd64.deb
 - DA-682A-irigb_timesync_daemon_1.2_amd64.deb
3. Install Moxa's public key file on the embedded computer (for example, DA-682A).

```

root@Moxa:~# sudo apt-key add NEW-MOXA-SYS-DEBIAN-KEY

```

4. Install the IRIG-B driver and the timesync daemon. Follow the on-screen instruction.

```

root@Moxa:/home/moxa/DebianServer# dpkg -i DA-682A-irigb-driver-1.1_amd64.deb
Selecting previously unselected package da-682a-irigb-driver.
(Reading database ... 31660 files and directories currently installed.)
Unpacking da-682a-irigb-driver (from DA-682A-irigb-driver-1.1_amd64.deb) ...
Setting up da-682a-irigb-driver (1.1) ...
root@Moxa:/home/moxa/DebianServer# dpkg -i
DA-682A-irigb_timesync_daemon_1.2_amd64.deb
Selecting previously unselected package da-682a-irigb-timesync-daemon.
(Reading database ... 31661 files and directories currently installed.)
Unpacking da-682a-irigb-timesync-daemon (from

```

```
DA-682A-irigb_timesync_daemon_1.2_amd64.deb) ...
Setting up da-682a-irigb-timesync-daemon (1.2) ...
```

5. Verify that the driver is loaded and the time sync daemon is running.

- a. Use the `lsmod` command to check whether the IRIG-B module is loaded.

```
root@Moxa:~# lsmod|grep irig
moxa_irigb                12683  1
```

- a. Verify that the timesync daemon is running with the default configuration.

```
root@Moxa:~# root@Moxa:~# ps aux|grep ServiceSyncTime
root    3078  0.0  0.1 16136 1140 ?        S    10:43   0:00 /usr/sbin/ServiceSyncTime -t
1 -i 10 -B
```

Using the timesync Daemon in Linux

The following figure shows the help information of the timesync daemon.

```
root@Moxa:~# ServiceSyncTime -h
Found the IRIG-B module, Hardware ID = 1
IRIG-B time sync daemon.
Usage: ServiceSyncTime -t [signal type] -I -d -i [Time sync interval] -p [Parity check
mode] -B
  -t - [signal type]
        0 - TTL
        1 - DIFF
        default value is 1
  -I - inverse the input or output signal
  -d - Disable time sync
        Default this daemon enables the IRIG-B time sync from source port to system time.
  -i - [Time sync interval] The time interval in seconds to sync the IRIG-B time
        into system time.
        1 ~ 86400 Time sync interval. Default is 10 second.
  -p - [Parity check mode] Set the parity bit
        0: EVEN
        1: ODD
        2: NONE
        default value is 0
  -B - Run daemon in the background
Usage example: Enable to sync time from IRIG-B Port 1, in TTL signal type every 10
seconds. The input is not inverse.
root@Moxa:~# ServiceSyncTime -t 0 -i 10
```

Examples

The following command example enables the daemon to synchronize time from Port 1 in DIFF signal type every 10 seconds. The input signal is not inverted. The ServiceSyncTime process runs in the foreground.

```
root@Moxa:~# ServiceSyncTime -t 1 -i 10
```

The following command example enables the daemon to synchronize time from Port 1 in DIFF signal type every 10 seconds with ODD parity check mode. The ServiceSyncTime process runs in the foreground.

```
root@Moxa:~# ServiceSyncTime -t 1 -i 10 -p 1
```

The following command example enables the daemon to synchronize time from Port 1 in DIFF signal type every 10 seconds and inverse the signal if the cable cross-connect. The ServiceSyncTime process runs in the foreground.

```
root@Moxa:~# ServiceSyncTime -t 1 -i 10 -I
```

Configuring the timesync Daemon

You can edit the `/etc/init.d/mx_irigb.sh` file to configure the timesync daemon. The script also includes the default settings for `MX_IRIGB_OPTS`.

```
root@Moxa:~# sudo vi /etc/init.d/mx_irigb.sh
...
MX_IRIGB_SERVICESYNCTIME_OPTS="-t 1 -i 10 -B"
...
```

After you change the settings in the `/etc/init.d/mx_irigb.sh` file, restart the daemon.

```
root@Moxa:~# sudo service mx_irigb.sh restart
```

Using the IRIG-B Utility in Linux

The `mxIrigUtil` command is available in the destination folder that you selected during the installation process. The list of available parameters and options for the `mxIrigUtil` command is the same in Linux and Windows 7.

The following figure shows the help information for the IRIG-B utility.

```
root@Moxa:~# mxIrigUtil -h
Get/set Moxa DA-IRIGB utility
Usage: mxIrigUtil -f function_id [-p parameters] [-c] [-h]
  Show the utility information if no argument apply.
  -h: Show this information.
  -c: Indicate the n-the IRIG-B Card.
  -f: Pass function id argument to execute specify functionality
  -p: Parameters for each function, use comma to pass multiple variable

For example: Set IRIG-B RTC Time 2014/01/01 03:25:00
             mxIrigUtil -f 2 -p 2014,1,1,3,25,0

Function description list:
  0: Get Hardware ID
  1: Get IRIG-B RTC Time
  2: Set IRIG-B RTC Time
     -p [2000-2099],[1-12],[1-31],[0-23],[0-59],[0-59]
     (year[2000-2099],month[1-12],day[1-31],hour[0-23],min[0-59],sec[0-59]); default
     value is 2014,01,01,00,00,00
  3: Get IRIG-B RTC Sync. Source
  4: Set IRIG-B RTC Sync. Source
     -p [0-2] (Source: 0=FreeRun In (Internal RTC), 1=Fiber In, 2=Port 1 In);
     default value is 2
  5: Get IRIG-B Signal Status
     -p [1-2] (Source: 1=Fiber In, 2=Port 1 In); default value is 2
  6: Get IRIG-B Input Parity Check Mode
     -p Source[1-2] (1=Fiber In, 2=Port 1 In); default value is 2
```

```

7:Set IRIG-B Input Parity Check Mode
  -p Source[1-2] (1=Fiber In, 2=Port 1 In),Mode[0-2] (0=Even, 1=Odd, 2=None);
default value is 2,0
8:Get IRIG-B Output Parity Check Mode
9:Set IRIG-B Output Parity Check Mode
  -p Mode[0-1] (0=Even, 1=Odd); default value is 0
10:Get Pulse per second width(ms)
11:Set Pulse per second width(ms)
  -p [0-999] (width: 0-999 ms); default value is 0
12:Get input signal type
  -p [0-1] 0=Fiber, 1=Port 1 (port[0-1]); default value is 1
13:Set input signal type
  -p [0-1],[0-1],[0-1]
      (port[0-1]: 0=Fiber 1=Port 1,
      signal type[0-1]: 0=TTL, 1=DIFF,
      inverse[0-1]: 0=No inverse 1=Inverse)
      default value is 1,1,0
14:Get output signal type
  -p [1-4] (output port[1-4]); default value is 1
15:Set output signal type
  -p [1-4],[0-1],[0-3],[0-1]
      (output port[1-4]: Output port 1-4,
      signal type[0-1]: 0=TTL, 1=DIFF,
      mode[0-3]: 0=From Fiber Input Port, 1=From Port 1 Input, 2=From
      IRIG-B encode(Internal RTC), 3=From PPS encode;
      inverse[0-1]: 0=No inverse, 1=Inverse)
      default value is 1,1,2,0
16:Get Digital Output
  -p [0-3] (digital output port[0-3]); default value is 0
17:Set Digital Output
  -p [0-3],[0-1] (digital output port[0-3],level[0-1]); default value is 0,0
18:Get Digital Input
  -p [0-2] (digital input port[0-2]); default value is 0
    
```

The following table describes the function IDs.

Function ID	Function description	Parameters
0	Display the hardware device ID. For example, Hardware ID = 1 (DA_IRIGB_4DIO_PCI104)	N/A
1	Display current internal RTC time.	N/A
2	Set internal RTC time	yyyy,MM,dd,hh,mm,ss Where yyyy is the year (2000 - 2099). MM is the month (1-12). dd is the day of the month (1-31). hh is the hour of the day (0 -23). mm is the minute (0-59). ss is the second (0-59).
3	Display the RTC synchronization source.	N/A
4	Set the RTC synchronization source.	Source [0 2] Where 0 is free run. 2 is port 1 input.

Function ID	Function description	Parameters
5	Display IRIG-B signal status. Possible status are: 0-Normal 1-Off Line 2-Frame Error 3-Parity Error	Source [2] Where 2 is port 1 input.
6	Display IRIG-B input parity check mode. Possible modes are: 0-Even 1-Odd 2-None	Source [2] Where 2 is port 1 input.
7	Set IRIG-B input parity check mode	Source, Mode Where Source: 2 (port 1 input) Mode: 0 (Even), 1 (Odd), 2 (None)
10	Display pulse per second width (ms).	N/A
11	Set pulse per second width (ms).	Width (0~999)
12	Display input signal type.	port [0 1] Where 1 is port 1 input.
13	Set input signal type.	port, signal type, mode, inverse Where port - 1 is "Port 1" signal type - 0 is TTL; 1 is "DIFF" inverse - 0 means do not inverse; 1 means inverse.
16	Display digital output.	port where 0 is "DO0", 1 is "DO1", 2 is "DO2", and 3 is "DO3"
17	Set digital output.	port, level Where port - 0 is "DO0", 1 is "DO1", 2 is "DO2", and 3 is "DO3" level - 0 is low and 1 is high
18	Display digital input.	port Where 0 is "DI0", 1 is "DI1", and 2 is "DI2"

NOTE Function IDs 8, 9, 14, and 15 are not available for the DA-IRIGB-4DIO-PCI-104-EMC4 module, which does not support the fiber input port.

Examples

The following command example displays the IRIG-B module hardware ID.

```
root@Moxa:~# mxIrigUtil -f 0
Get Hardware ID = 1 (DA_IRIGB_4DIO_PCI104)
```

The following command example displays the IRIG-B module internal RTC time.

```
root@Moxa:~# mxIrigUtil -f 1
Get IRIGB RTC = 2011/11/11 17:29:55.204137520, TZ = +8, TQ = 6
```

The following command example sets the IRIG-B module internal RTC time to 2014/11/19 11:19:50.

```
root@Moxa:~# mxIrigUtil -f 2 -p 2014,11,19,11,19,50
Set IRIGB RTC = 2014/11/19 11:19:50
```

The following command example displays the IRIG-B module time sync source setting. In this example, the time source is IRIG-B Port 1.

```
root@Moxa:~# mxIrigUtil -f 3
Get Sync. Source = 2 (Port 1 In)
```

The following command example sets the IRIG-B module time sync source.

```
root@Moxa:~# mxIrigUtil -f 4 -p 1
Set Sync. Source = 1
```

The following command displays the IRIG-B signal status.

```
root@Moxa:~# mxIrigUtil -f 5 -p 1
Fiber In Signal Status = 1(Off Line)
root@Moxa:~# mxIrigUtil -f 5 -p 2
Port 1 In Signal Status = 2(Frame Error)
root@Moxa:~
```

The following command displays the pulse per second width (ms).

```
root@Moxa:~# mxIrigUtil -f 10
Get PPS Width = 0 ms
```

The following command example sets the pulse per second width (ms).

```
root@Moxa:~# mxIrigUtil -f 11 -p 5
Set PPS Width = 5 ms
```

The following command example displays the input interface.

```
root@Moxa:~# mxIrigUtil -f 12 -p 1
Get Input Port 1 Interface = 1(DIFFERENTIAL), Inverse = 0
```

The following command example displays the digital output interface.

```
root@Moxa:~# mxIrigUtil -f 16 -p 0
Get DO 0 = 1
root@Moxa:~# mxIrigUtil -f 16 -p 1
Get DO 1 = 1
root@Moxa:~# mxIrigUtil -f 16 -p 2
Get DO 2 = 1
root@Moxa:~# mxIrigUtil -f 16 -p 3
Get DO 3 = 1
root@Moxa:~# mxIrigUtil -f 16 -p 4
Get DO 4 = 1
```

The following command example sets the digital output interface.

```
root@Moxa:~# mxIrigUtil -f 17 -p 0,0
Set DO 0 = 0
root@Moxa:~# mxIrigUtil -f 17 -p 0,1
Set DO 0 = 1
root@Moxa:~# mxIrigUtil -f 17 -p 1,0
Set DO 1 = 0
root@Moxa:~# mxIrigUtil -f 17 -p 1,1
Set DO 1 = 1
root@Moxa:~# mxIrigUtil -f 17 -p 2,0
Set DO 2 = 0
root@Moxa:~# mxIrigUtil -f 17 -p 2,1
Set DO 2 = 1
root@Moxa:~# mxIrigUtil -f 17 -p 3,0
Set DO 3 = 0
```

```
root@Moxa:~# mxIrigUtil -f 17 -p 3,1
Set DO 3 = 1
```

The following command example displays the digital input interface.

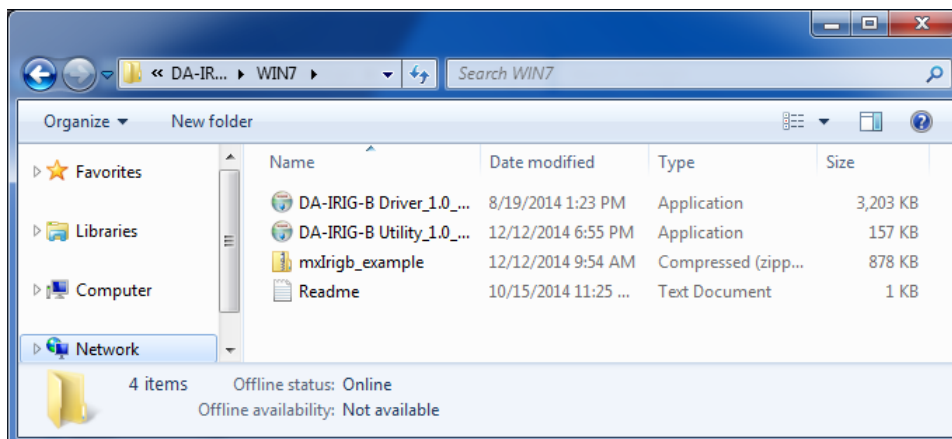
```
root@Moxa:~# mxIrigUtil -f 18 -p 0
Get DI 0 = 0
root@Moxa:~# mxIrigUtil -f 18 -p 1
Get DI 1 = 0
root@Moxa:~# mxIrigUtil -f 18 -p 2
Get DI 2 = 0
```

You can edit the `/etc/init.d/mx_irigb.sh` script to configure the IRIG-B utility. For example, if you want to set the IRIG-B digital output interface, remove the '#' symbol from the `/usr/sbin/mxIrigUtil` line and configure the `MX_IRIGB_UTIL_OPTS` parameter. The following figure shows an example.

```
root@Moxa:~# sudo vi /etc/init.d/mx_irigb.sh
...
MX_IRIGB_UTIL_OPTS=" -f 15 -p 1,1,2,0"
...
case "$1" in
  start)
    ...
        # If you need the IRIG-B signal output, you should remove the # in from
of the following line.
        /usr/sbin/mxIrigUtil $MX_IRIGB_UTIL_OPTS > /dev/null 2>&1
    ...
```

Installing the IRIG-B Driver in Windows 7

1. Log into the embedded computer as an administrator.
2. Download the installation files from the Moxa web site at <http://www.moxa.com>.
3. Copy the driver and utility files to the embedded computer.
4. Double-click the IRIG-B driver installation file.

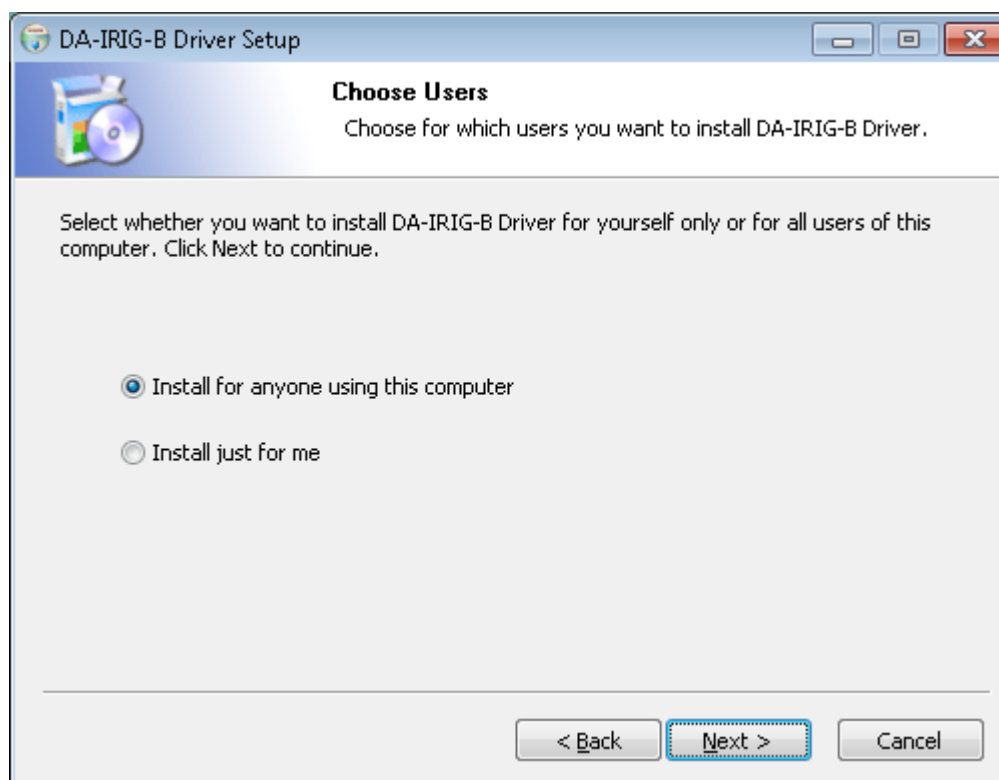


5. When the welcome screen appears, click **Next**.

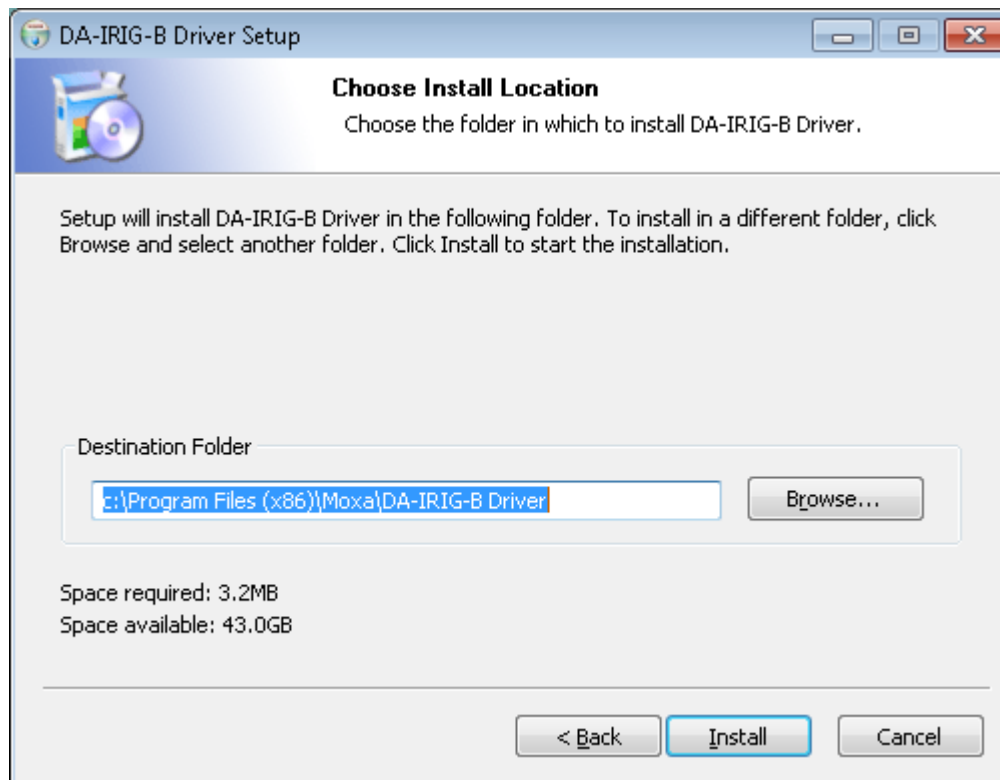


6. Select **install for anyone using this computer** and click **Next**.

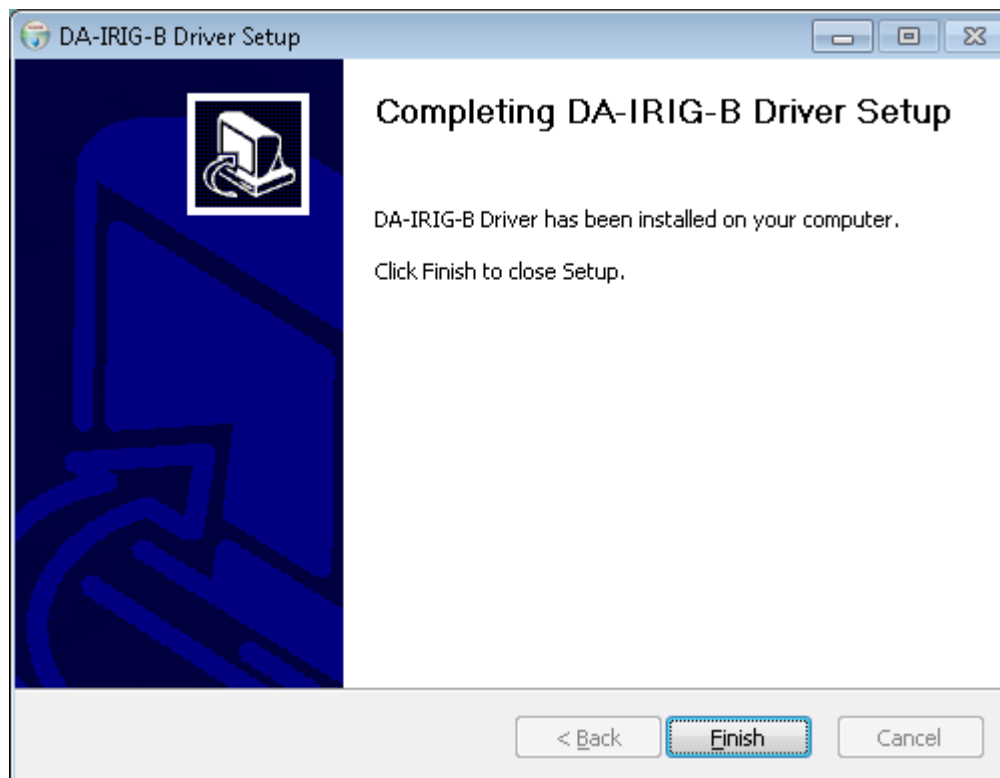
NOTE Before you select **Install just for me**, make sure that you understand how this option might affect the operation for other users on the embedded computer.



7. Accept the default destination folder or click **Browse** to select one; then, click **Install**.



- When the installation process is complete, click **Finish**.

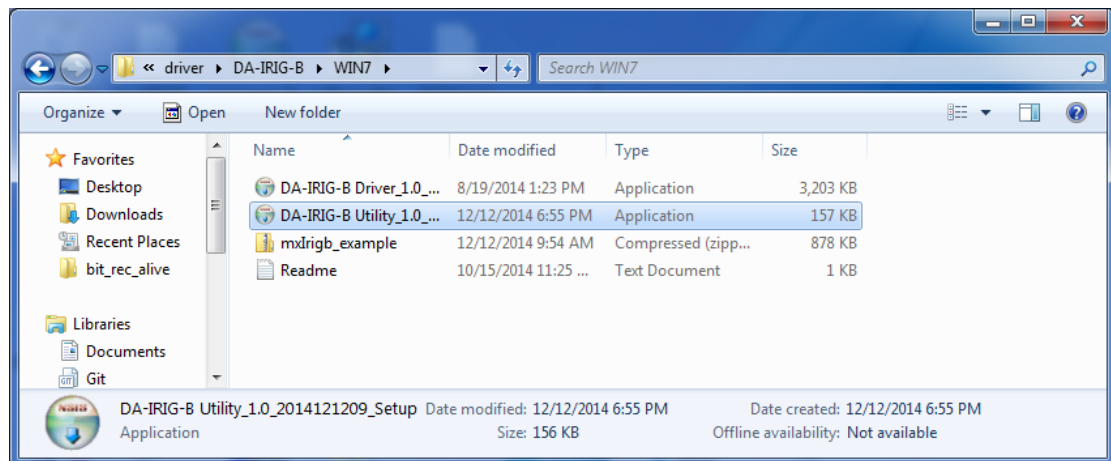


Installing the IRIG-B Utility in Windows 7

You can use the IRIG-B utility to view the status information and configure the signal type for the DA-IRIG-B-4DIO-PCI104 module.

NOTE Before you install the utility in 64-bit Windows 7, make sure that Microsoft Visual C++ 2010 SP1 Redistributable Package and Microsoft Visual C++ 2010 SP1 Redistributable Package (x64) are already installed.

1. Log into the embedded computer as an administrator.
2. Obtain the utility installation file from the Moxa web site at <http://www.moxa.com>.
3. On the embedded computer, double-click the IRIG-B utility installation file.

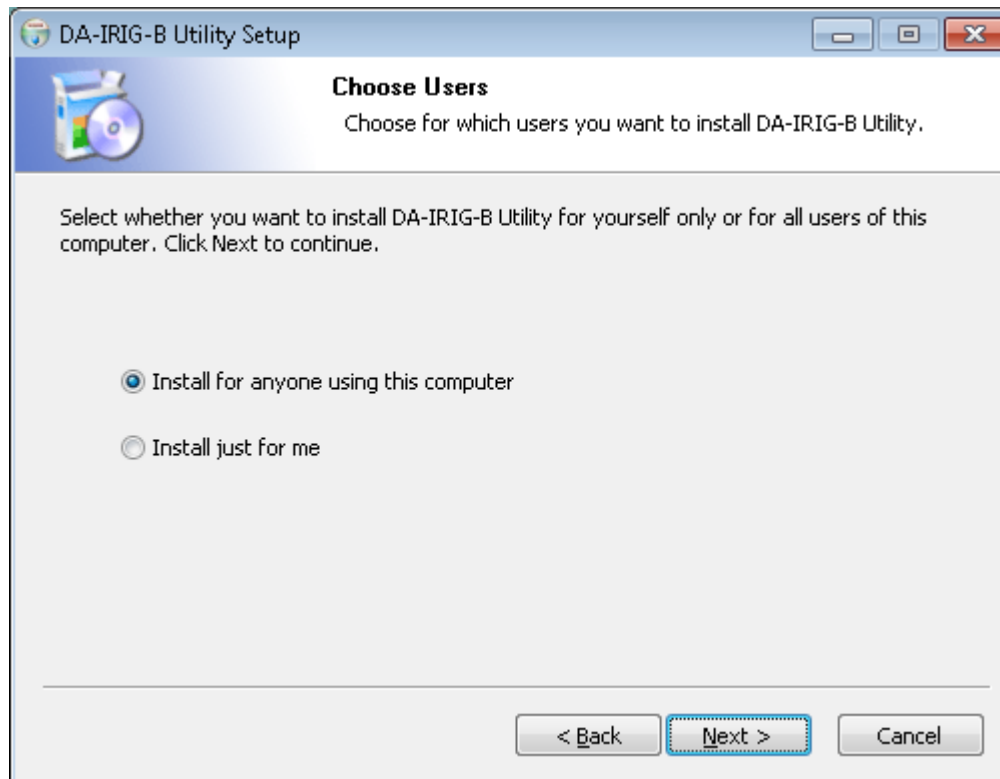


4. When the welcome screen appears, click **Next**.

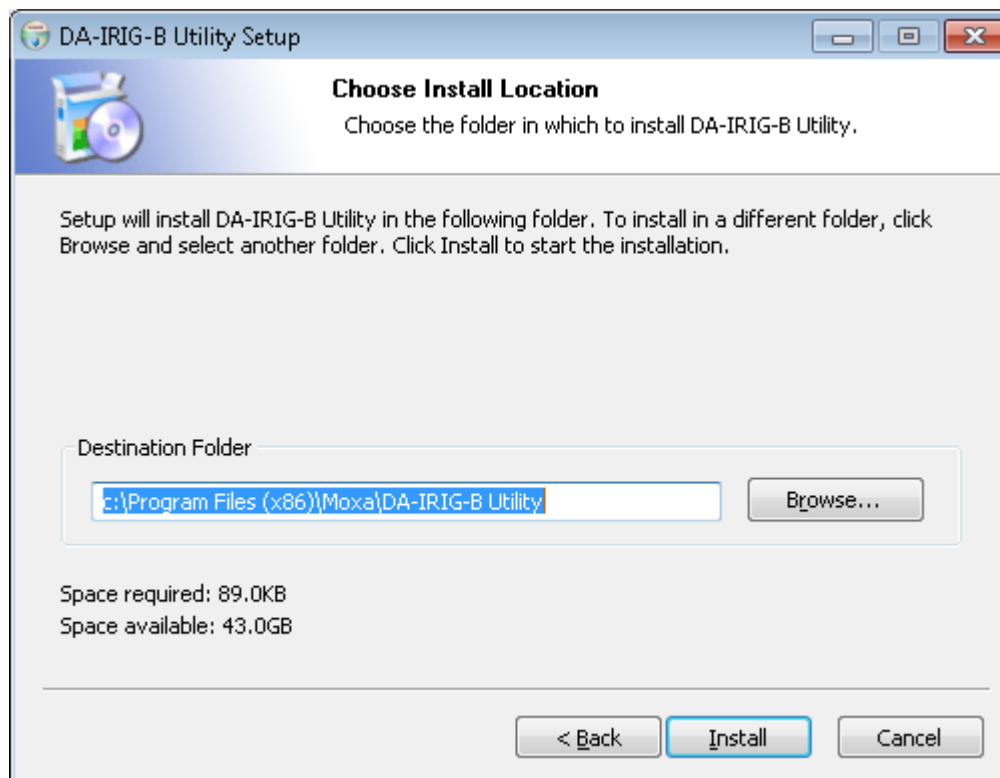


5. Select **install for anyone using this computer** and click **Next**.

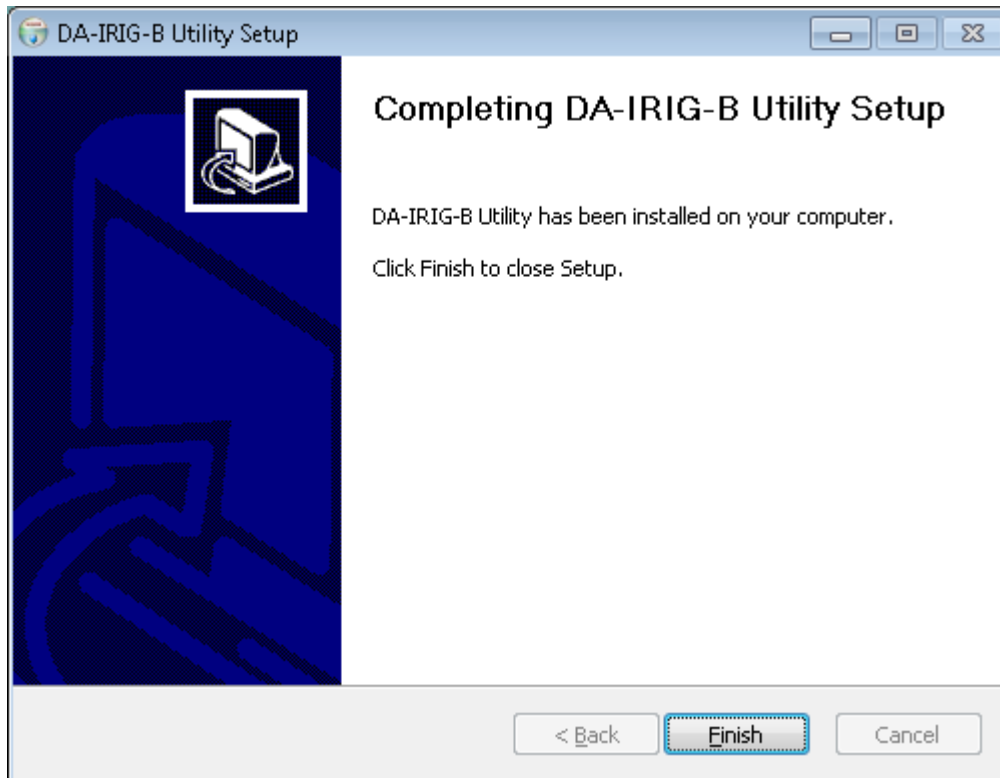
NOTE Before you select **Install just for me**, make sure that you understand how this option might affect the operation for other users on the embedded computer.



6. Accept the default destination folder or click **Browse** to select one; then, click **Install**.

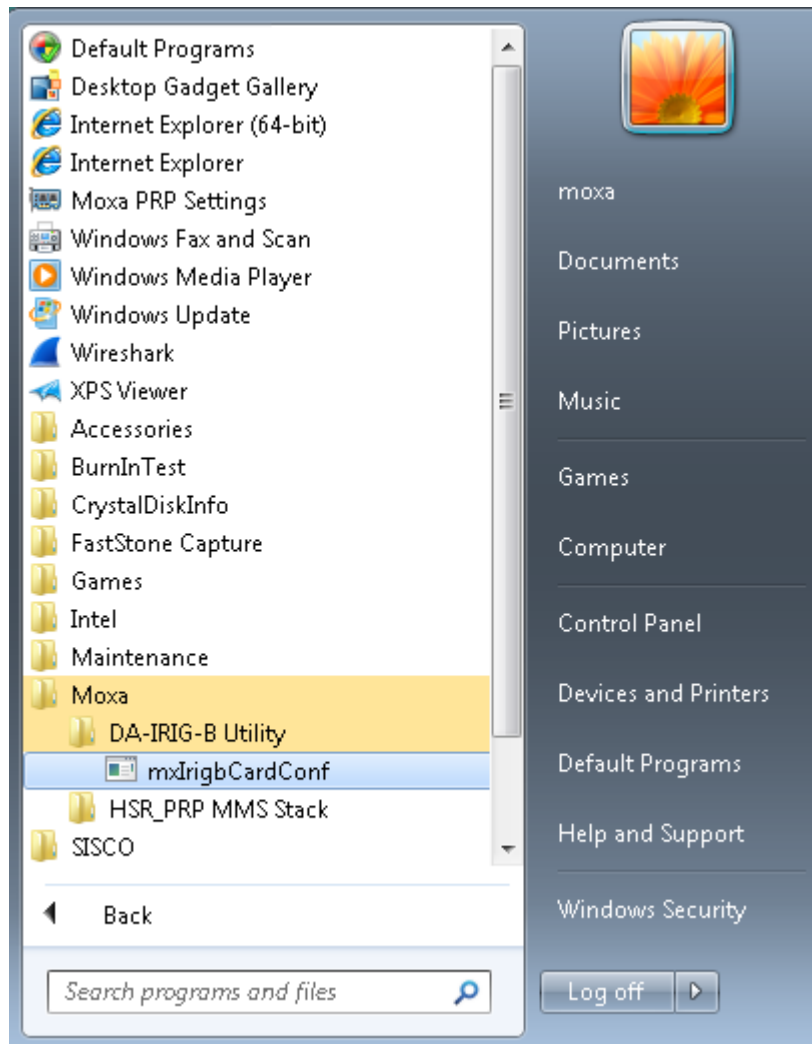


7. When the installation process is complete, click **Finish**.



Using the IRIG-B Utility in Windows 7

After you install the IRIG-B utility on your embedded computer running Windows 7, you start the IRIG-B utility from the start menu (click **Moxa > DA-IRIG-B Utility > mxIrigbCardConf**) to configure the DA-IRIG-B-4DIO-PCI104-EMC4.



Configuring IRIG-B Parameters

You can use the IRIG-B utility to configure the IRIG-B parameters that the DA-IRIG-B-4DIO-PCI104-EMC4 module supports.

Input Signal Type

In the Moxa IRIG-B Card Configure Utility screen, select **Differential** or **TTL** from the **Signal Type** drop-down list. Click **Apply** to make the changes take effect.

Moxa IRIG-B Card Configure Utility (DA-IRIGB-4DIO-PCI104)

Time Sync. Condition

Sync. to internal RTC Source:
 Port 1 In

Sync. internal RTC to system time period per second: 10
 Set system time to internal RTC

IRIG-B Status

Port1: Normal
 Time: 2007/01/10 21:41:20
 Timezone (Hour): +8
 Time Quality: Accuracy < 10ms

LSP LS DSP DST

Digital Out

3 2 1 0

Digital In

2 1 0

Input

Port: Port 1
 Signal Type: Differential
 Polarity: Differential
 IRIG-B Parity Mode: None

Output

Port: Port 1
 Signal Type: Differential
 Polarity: Normal
 Mode: From Port 1 In

Internal RTC output

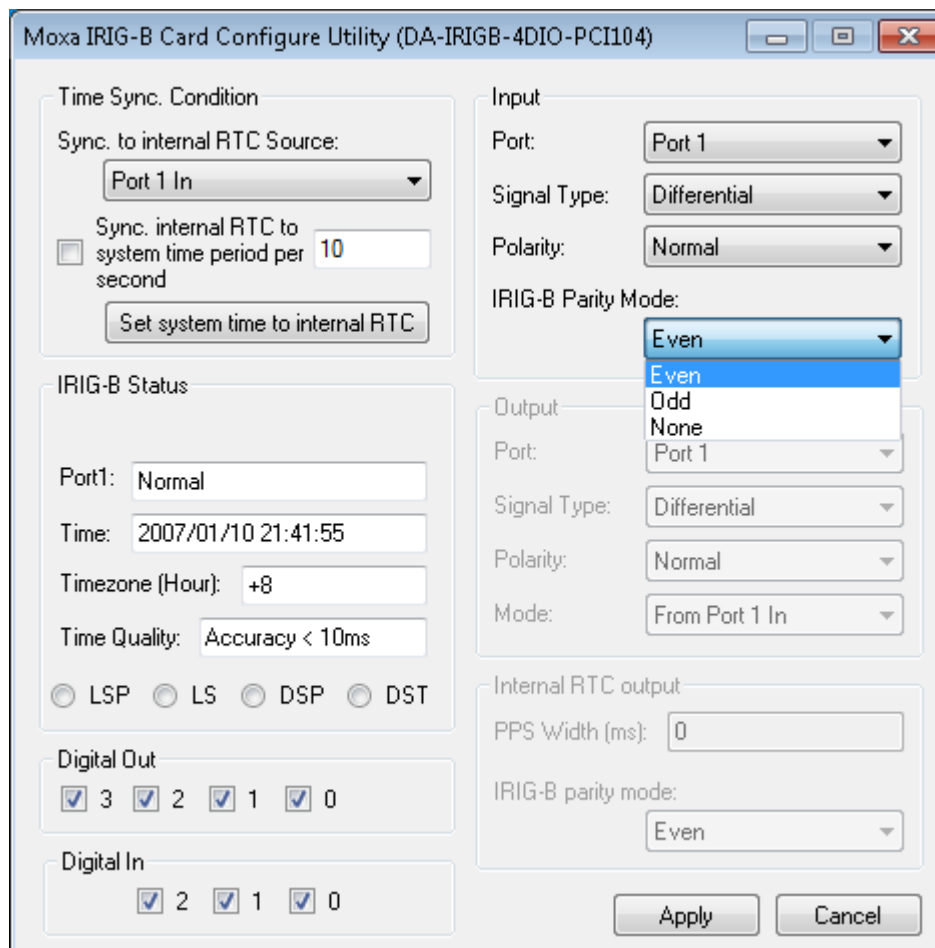
PPS Width (ms): 0
 IRIG-B parity mode: Even

Apply Cancel

IRIG-B Parity Mode

Depending on your country, you may need to configure the parity mode.

From the **IRIG-B Parity Mode** drop-down list box, select an option. For example, in China, select Odd parity mode.



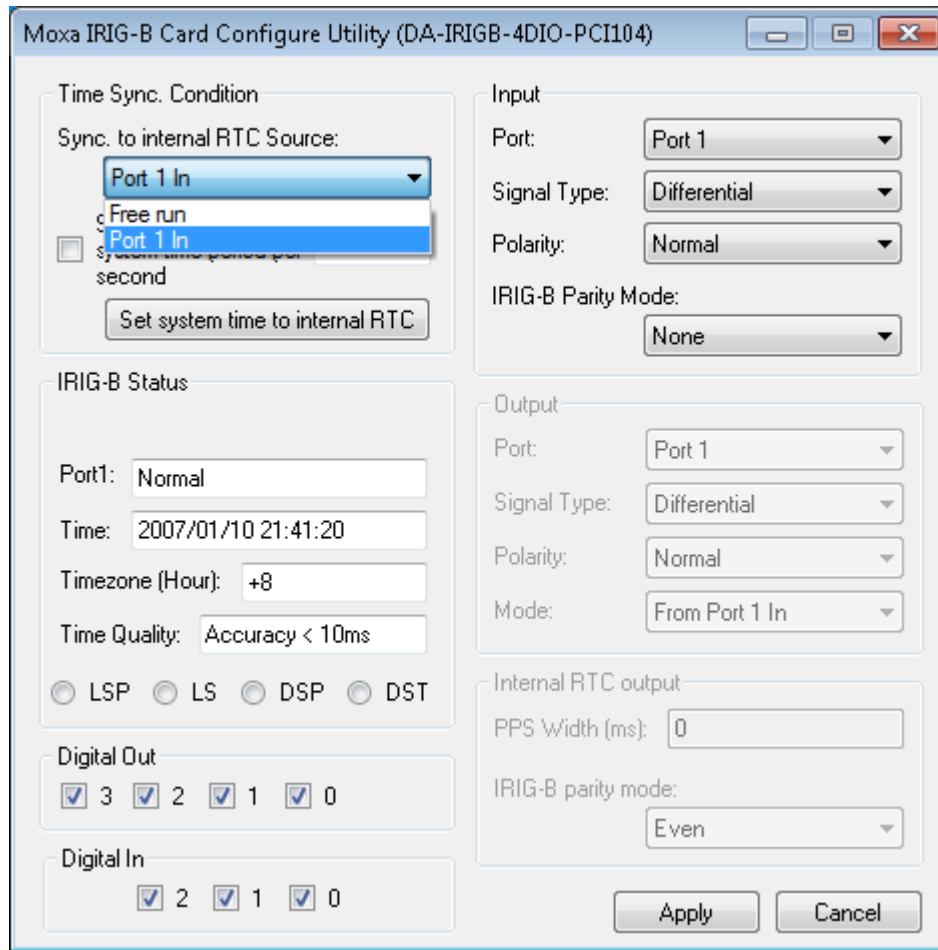
Configuring Time Synchronization Settings in Windows 7

In the IRIG-B utility, you can set the DA-IRIGB-4DIO-PCI104-EMC4 module to synchronize the RTC using one of the following time input sources:

- External IRIG-B signal
- Internal independent 25 MHz reference clock

Selecting a Time Input Source

From the **Sync. to internal RTC Source** drop-down list, select a time input source that you want to use.



Synchronizing with System Time

You can synchronize the RTC time with the system time. In the IRIG-B utility, select the **Sync. internal RTC to system time** check box and enter the number of seconds to synchronize the time (the default is 10 seconds).

Configuring Digital Output and Input Status

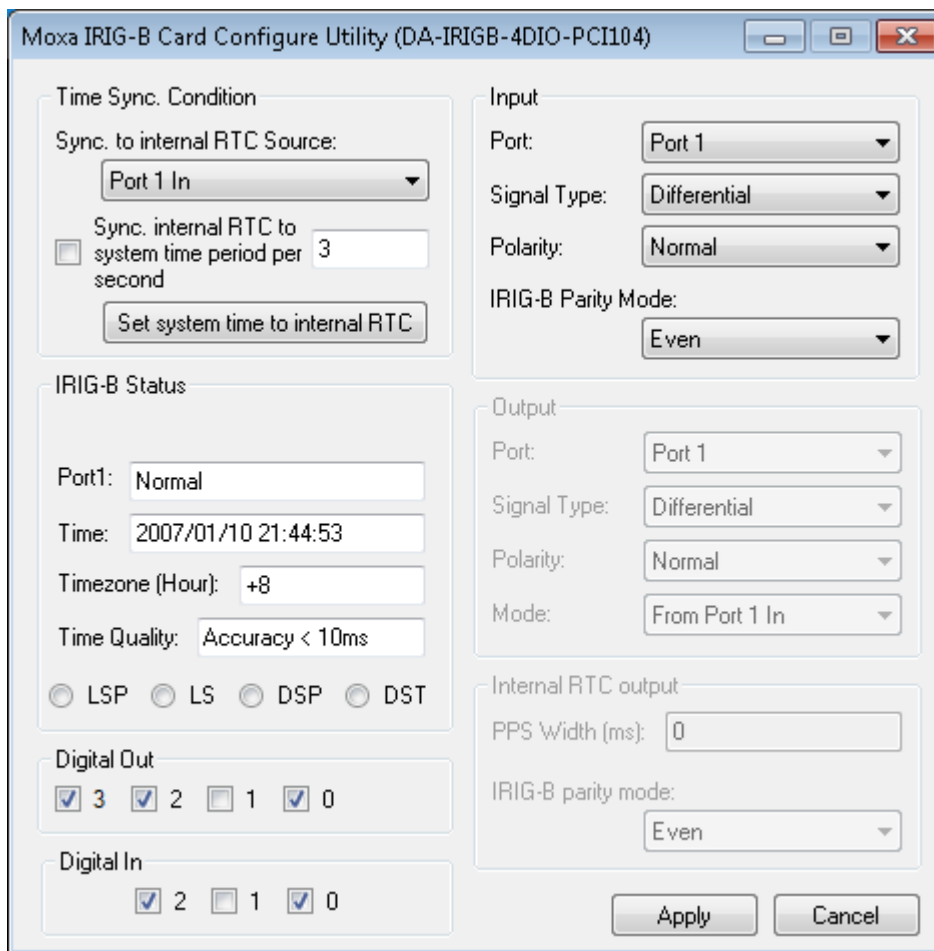
The DA-IRIGB-4DIO-PCI104-EMC4 module features four digital outputs and three digital inputs. You can use IRIG-B utility configure the digital output and digital input status.

To control a digital output, select or clear the associated check box. The following table shows the signal and logic state for the check box.

Check box	Signal	Logic
Selected	High	1
Not selected	Low	0

To read status from a digital input, select or clear the associated check box. The following table shows the signal and logic state.

Check box	Signal	Logic
Selected	High	1
Not selected	Low	0



Using the mxIrigUtil Command

The mxIrigUtil command is available in the destination folder that you selection during the installation process. The list of available parameters and options for the mxIrigUtil command is the same in Linux and Windows 7.

To display the help information, in a command line window, enter the mxIrigUtil command without a parameter.

```
Usage: mxIrigUtil -f function_id [-p parameters] [-c] [-h]
    Show the utility information if no argument apply.
    -h: Show this information.
    -c: Indicate the n-the IRIG-B Card.
    -f: Pass function id argument to execute specific functionality.
    -p: Parameters for each function, use comma to pass multiple variable
```

The following table describes the function IDs.

Function ID	Function description	Parameters
0	Display the hardware device ID. For example, Hardware ID = 1 (DA_IRIGB_4DIO_PCI104)	N/A
1	Display current internal RTC time.	N/A

Function ID	Function description	Parameters
2	Set internal RTC time	yyyy,MM,dd,hh,mm,ss Where yyyy is the year (2000 – 2099). MM is the month (1-12). dd is the day of the month (1-31). hh is the hour of the day (0 -23). mm is the minute (0-59). ss is the second (0-59).
3	Display the RTC synchronization source.	N/A
4	Set the RTC synchronization source.	Source [0 2] Where 0 is free run. 2 is port 1 input.
5	Display IRIG-B signal status. Possible status are: 0–Normal 1–Off Line 2–Frame Error 3–Parity Error	Source [2] Where 2 is port 1 input.
6	Display IRIG-B input parity check mode. Possible modes are: 0–Even 1–Odd 2–None	Source [2] Where 2 is port 1 input.
7	Set IRIG-B input parity check mode	Source, Mode Where Source: 2 (port 1 input) Mode: 0 (Even), 1 (Odd), 2 (None)
10	Display pulse per second width (ms).	N/A
11	Set pulse per second width (ms).	Width (0~999)
12	Display input signal type.	port [0 1] Where 1 is port 1 input.
13	Set input signal type.	port, signal type, mode, inverse Where port – 1 is "Port 1" signal type – 0 is TTL; 1 is "DIFF" inverse – 0 means do not inverse; 1 means inverse.
16	Display digital output.	port where 0 is "DO0", 1 is "DO1", 2 is "DO2", and 3 is "DO3"
17	Set digital output.	port, level Where port – 0 is "DO0", 1 is "DO1", 2 is "DO2", and 3 is "DO3" level – 0 is low and 1 is high
18	Display digital input.	port Where 0 is "DI0", 1 is "DI1", and 2 is "DI2"

NOTE Function IDs 8, 9, 14, and 15 are not available for the DA-IRGB-4DIO-PCI-104-EMC4 module, which does not support the fiber input port.

For example, if you want to set the IRIG-B RTC time to 2014/01/01 03:25:00, enter the following command.

```
mxIrigUtil -f 2 -p 2014,1,1,3,25,0
```

API Reference

This chapter describes the available APIs that you can use to develop your own time synchronization and digital input/digital output control applications.

The following topics are covered in this chapter:

- ❑ **Get IRIG-B Board Hardware ID**
- ❑ **Open IRIG-B Device**
- ❑ **Close IRIG-B Device**
- ❑ **Get Digital Input Signal**
- ❑ **Get Digital Output Signal**
- ❑ **Get IRIG-B Parity Check Mode**
- ❑ **Get Input Interface**
- ❑ **Get IRIG-B Output Parity Check Mode**
- ❑ **Get Output Interface**
- ❑ **Get Pulse Per Second Output Width**
- ❑ **Get IRIG-B Signal Status**
- ❑ **GET RTC Synchronization Source**
- ❑ **Get RTC from IRIG-B Device**
- ❑ **Set Digital Output Signal**
- ❑ **Set IRIG-B Input Parity Check Mode**
- ❑ **Set Input Interface**
- ❑ **Set IRIG-B Output Parity Check Mode**
- ❑ **Set Output Interface**
- ❑ **Set Pulse Per Second Output Width**
- ❑ **Set RTC Synchronization Source**
- ❑ **Set RTC to IRIG-B Device**
- ❑ **Synchronize System Local Time with IRIG RTC**
- ❑ **IRIG-B Program Example**

Get IRIG-B Board Hardware ID

MXIRIG_API BOOL mxIrigbGetHardwareID (HANDLE hDev, PDWORD pdwHwId)

Parameters

in	<i>hDev</i>	The handle for value returned from the <i>mxIrigbOpen</i> function.
out	<i>pdwHwId</i>	The pointer for the hardware ID

Returns

If the operation completes successfully, the return value is nonzero. If the operation fails or is pending, the return value is zero. To display detailed error information, use GetLastError.

Open IRIG-B Device

MXIRIG_API HANDLE mxIrigbOpen (int index)

Parameters

in	<i>index</i>	The device number (starting from 0).
----	--------------	--------------------------------------

Returns

Returns the pointer to the device handle. A return value is of -1 indicates a failure.

Close IRIG-B Device

MXIRIG_API void mxIrigbClose (HANDLE hDev)

Parameters

in	<i>hDev</i>	A valid handle value returned from the <i>mxIrigbOpen</i> function.
----	-------------	---

Returns

None.

Get Digital Input Signal

MXIRIG_API BOOL mxIrigbGetDigitalInputSignal (HANDLE hDev, DWORD dwPort, PDWORD pValue)

Parameters

in	<i>hDev</i>	A valid handle value returned from the <i>mxIrigbOpen</i> function.
in	<i>dwPort</i>	The port number (starting from 0).
out	<i>pValue</i>	The port data (1:HIGH, 0:LOW).

Returns

If the operation completes successfully, the return value is nonzero. If the operation fails or is pending, the return value is zero. To display detailed error information, use GetLastError.

Get Digital Output Signal

MXIRIG_API BOOL mxIrigbGetDigitalOutputSignal (HANDLE hDev, DWORD dwPort, PDWORD pValue)

Parameters

in	<i>hDev</i>	A valid handle value returned from the <i>mxIrigbOpen</i> function.
in	<i>dwPort</i>	The port number (starting from 0).
out	<i>pValue</i>	A pointer to get port data (1:HIGH, 0:LOW).

Returns

If the operation completes successfully, the return value is nonzero. If the operation fails or is pending, the return value is zero. To display detailed error information, call GetLastError.

Get IRIG-B Parity Check Mode

MXIRIG_API BOOL mxIrigbGetInputParityCheckMode (HANDLE hDev, DWORD dwSource, PDWORD pdwMode)

Parameters

in	<i>hDev</i>	A valid handle value returned from the <i>mxIrigbOpen</i> function.
in	<i>dwSource</i>	The value is one of <i>RTC_SYNC_SOURCE</i> , but cannot be <i>TIMESRC_FREERUN</i> .
out	<i>pdwMode</i>	A pointer to get output parity check mode. The value is one of <i>PARITY_CHECK_MODE</i> .

Returns

If the operation completes successfully, the return value is nonzero. If the operation fails or is pending, the return value is zero. To display detailed error information, use GetLastError.

Get Input Interface

MXIRIG_API BOOL mxIrigbGetInputSignalType (HANDLE hDev, DWORD dwPort, PDWORD pdwType, PBOOL pbInvert)

Parameters

in	<i>hDev</i>	A valid handle value returned from the <i>mxIrigbOpen</i> function.
in	<i>dwPort</i>	Signal source. The value is one of <i>PORT_LIST</i> .
out	<i>pdwType</i>	A pointer to get the signal type. The value is one of <i>SIGNAL_TYPE</i> .
out	<i>pbInvert</i>	A pointer to get the signal mode. If the value is not zero, the signal is

		inversed.
--	--	-----------

Returns

If the operation completes successfully, the return value is nonzero. If the operation fails or is pending, the return value is zero. To display detailed error information, use GetLastError.

Get IRIG-B Output Parity Check Mode

MXIRIG_API BOOL mxIrigbGetOutputParityCheckMode (HANDLE hDev, PDWORD pdwMode)

Parameters

in	<i>hDev</i>	A valid handle value returned from the <i>mxIrigbOpen</i> function.
out	<i>pdwMode</i>	A pointer to get the output parity check mode.

Returns

If the operation completes successfully, the return value is nonzero. If the operation fails or is pending, the return value is zero. To display detailed error information, use GetLastError.

Get Output Interface

MXIRIG_API BOOL mxIrigbGetOutputSignalType (HANDLE hDev, DWORD dwPort, PDWORD pdwType, PDWORD pdwMode, PBOOL pbInvert)

Parameters

in	<i>hDev</i>	A valid handle value returned from the <i>mxIrigbOpen</i> function.
in	<i>dwPort</i>	Signal source. The value is one of <i>PORT_LIST</i> .
out	<i>pdwType</i>	A pointer to get the signal type. The value is one of <i>SIGNAL_TYPE</i> .
out	<i>pdwMode</i>	A pointer to get the signal output mode. The value is one of <i>OUTPUT_MODE</i> .
out	<i>pbInvert</i>	A pointer to get the signal mode. If the value is not zero, the signal is inversed.

Returns

If the operation completes successfully, the return value is nonzero. If the operation fails or is pending, the return value is zero. To display detailed error information, use GetLastError.

Get Pule Per Second Output Width

MXIRIG_API BOOL mxIrigbGetPpsWidth (HANDLE hDev, PDWORD pdwMilliSecond)

Parameters

in	<i>hDev</i>	A valid handle value returned from the <i>mxIrigbOpen</i> function.
out	<i>pdwMilliSecond</i>	A pointer to get the pulse width per millisecond value.

Returns

If the operation completes successfully, the return value is nonzero. If the operation fails or is pending, the return value is zero. To display detailed error information, use GetLastError.

Get IRIG-B Signal Status

MXIRIG_API BOOL mxIrigbGetSignalStatus (HANDLE hDev, DWORD dwSource, PDWORD pdwStatus)

Parameters

in	<i>hDev</i>	A valid handle value returned from the <i>mxIrigbOpen</i> function.
in	<i>dwSource</i>	The IRIGB signal source. The value is one of <i>PORT_LIST</i> .
out	<i>dwStatus</i>	A pointer to get IRIGB signal status. The value is one of <i>IRIG_SIGNAL_STATUS</i> .

Returns

If the operation completes successfully, the return value is nonzero. If the operation fails or is pending, the return value is zero. To display detailed error information, use GetLastError.

GET RTC Synchronization Source

MXIRIG_API BOOL mxIrigbGetSyncTimeSrc (HANDLE hDev, PDWORD pdwSource)

Parameters

in	<i>hDev</i>	A valid handle value returned from the <i>mxIrigbOpen</i> function.
out	<i>pdwSource</i>	A pointer to get internal RTC synchronization source. The value is one of <i>RTC_SYNC_SOURCE</i> .

Returns

If the operation completes successfully, the return value is nonzero. If the operation fails or is pending, the return value is zero. To display detailed error information, use GetLastError.

Get RTC from IRIG-B Device

MXIRIG_API BOOL mxIrigbGetTime (HANDLE hDev, PRTCTIME pRtcTime)

Parameters

in	<i>hDev</i>	A valid handle value returned from the <i>mxIrigbOpen</i> function.
out	<i>pRtcTime</i>	A pointer to a PRTCTIME structure that contains the time value.

Returns

If the operation completes successfully, the return value is nonzero. If the operation fails or is pending, the return value is zero. To display detailed error information, use GetLastError.

Set Digital Output Signal

MXIRIG_API BOOL mxIrigbSetDigitalOutputSignal (HANDLE hDev, DWORD dwPort, DWORD value)

Parameters

in	<i>hDev</i>	A valid handle value returned from the <i>mxIrigbOpen</i> function.
in	<i>dwPort</i>	The port number (starting from 0).
in	<i>value</i>	The port data (1:HIGH, 0:LOW).

Returns

If the operation completes successfully, the return value is nonzero. If the operation fails or is pending, the return value is zero. To display detailed error information, use *GetLastError*.

Set IRIG-B Input Parity Check Mode

MXIRIG_API BOOL mxIrigbSetInputParityCheckMode (HANDLE hDev, DWORD dwSource, DWORD dwMode)

Parameters

in	<i>hDev</i>	A valid handle value returned from the <i>mxIrigbOpen</i> function.
in	<i>dwSource</i>	The value is one of <i>RTC_SYNC_SOURCE</i> , but cannot be <i>TIMESRC_FREERUN</i> .
in	<i>dwMode</i>	<i>PARITY_CHECK_MODE</i> to set parity check mode.

Returns

If the operation completes successfully, the return value is nonzero. If the operation fails or is pending, the return value is zero. To display detailed error information, use *GetLastError*.

Set Input Interface

MXIRIG_API BOOL mxIrigbSetInputSignalType (HANDLE hDev, DWORD dwPort, DWORD dwType, BOOL invert)

Parameters

in	<i>hDev</i>	A valid handle value returned from the <i>mxIrigbOpen</i> function.
in	<i>dwPort</i>	Signal source. The value is one of <i>PORT_LIST</i> .
in	<i>dwType</i>	<i>SIGNAL_TYPE</i> to set the input interface mode.
in	<i>invert</i>	If the value is not zero, invert the input signal.

Returns

If the operation completes successfully, the return value is nonzero. If the operation fails or is pending, the return value is zero. To display detailed error information, use *GetLastError*.

Set IRIG-B Output Parity Check Mode

`MXIRIG_API BOOL mxIrigbSetOutputParityCheckMode (HANDLE hDev, DWORD dwMode)`

Parameters

in	<i>hDev</i>	A valid handle value returned from the <i>mxIrigbOpen</i> function.
in	<i>dwMode</i>	<i>PARITY_CHECK_MODE</i> to set the parity check mode.

Returns

If the operation completes successfully, the return value is nonzero. If the operation fails or is pending, the return value is zero. To display detailed error information, use `GetLastError`.

Set Output Interface

`MXIRIG_API BOOL mxIrigbSetOutputSignalType (HANDLE hDev, DWORD dwPort, DWORD dwType, DWORD dwMode, BOOL invert)`

Parameters

in	<i>hDev</i>	A valid handle value returned from the <i>mxIrigbOpen</i> function.
in	<i>dwPort</i>	Signal source. The value is one of <i>PORT_LIST</i> .
in	<i>dwType</i>	<i>SIGNAL_TYPE</i> to set the input interface mode.
in	<i>dwMode</i>	<i>OUTPUT_MODE</i> to set the output interface mode.
in	<i>invert</i>	If the value is not zero, invert the input signal.

Returns

If the operation completes successfully, the return value is nonzero. If the operation fails or is pending, the return value is zero. To display detailed error information, use `GetLastError`.

Set Pulse Per Second Output Width

`MXIRIG_API BOOL mxIrigbSetPpsWidth (HANDLE hDev, DWORD dwMilliSecond)`

Parameters

in	<i>hDev</i>	A valid handle value returned from the <i>mxIrigbOpen</i> function.
in	<i>dwMilliSecond</i>	The pulse width per millisecond.

Returns

If the operation completes successfully, the return value is nonzero. If the operation fails or is pending, the return value is zero. To display detailed error information, use `GetLastError`.

Set RTC Synchronization Source

`MXIRIG_API BOOL mxIrigbSetSyncTimeSrc (HANDLE hDev, DWORD dwSource)`

Parameters

in	<i>hDev</i>	A valid handle value returned from the <i>mxIrigbOpen</i> function.
in	<i>dwSource</i>	<i>RTC_SYNC_SOURCE</i> to select the RTC synchronization source.

Returns

If the operation completes successfully, the return value is nonzero. If the operation fails or is pending, the return value is zero. To display detailed error information, use *GetLastError*.

Set RTC to IRIG-B Device

`MXIRIG_API BOOL mxIrigbSetTime (HANDLE hDev, PRTCTIME pRtcTime)`

Parameters

in	<i>hDev</i>	A valid handle value returned from the <i>mxIrigbOpen</i> function.
in	<i>pRtcTime</i>	The pointer to a <i>PRTCTIME</i> structure that contains the time value.

Returns

If the operation completes successfully, the return value is nonzero. If the operation fails or is pending, the return value is zero. To display detailed error information, use *GetLastError*.

Synchronize System Local Time with IRIG RTC

`MXIRIG_API BOOL mxIrigbSyncTime (HANDLE hDev, BOOL bToFrom)`

Parameters

in	<i>hDev</i>	A valid handle value returned from the <i>mxIrigbOpen</i> function.
in	<i>pRtbToFrom</i>	0: Sets IRIG RTC to Local Time 1: Sets Local Time to IRIG RTC

Returns

If the operation completes successfully, the return value is nonzero. If the operation fails or is pending, the return value is zero. To display detailed error information, use *GetLastError*.

IRIG-B Program Example

To develop an IRIG-B program, follow the procedure listed in the program example.

```
/* 1. Include the header files */
#include "Public.h"
#include "mxirig.h"
```

```
/* 2. open the IRIG-B device by mxIrigbOpen(); */
HANDLE irigbCardHandle;
irigbCardHandle = mxIrigbOpen(0);

if( irigbCardHandle < 0 ) {
fprintf(stderr,"mxIrigbOpen() fail!\n");
return 0;
}

/* 3.1. Reference the IRIG-B API to control the IRIG-B module. EX: set the sync time source */
if (!mxIrigbSetSyncTimeSrc(irigbCardHandle, time_source) ) {
printf("Set sync source fail\n");
mxIrigbClose(irigbCardHandle);
return 0;
}

/* 3.2. Reference the IRIG-B API to control the IRIG-B module. EX: Configure IRIG-B input signal
type. */
if(!mxIrigbSetInputInterface(irigbCardHandle, time_source_interface, signal_type, inverse))
{
fprintf(stderr, "mxIrigbSetInputInterface() fail\n");
mxIrigbClose(irigbCardHandle);
return 0;
}

/*3.3. Reference the IRIG-B API to control the IRIG-B module. EX: Set Sync Time Source */
if(!mxIrigbSetSyncTimeSrc(irigbCardHandle, time_source)) {
fprintf(stderr,"mxIrigbSetSyncTimeSrc() time_source:%d fail\n", time_source);
mxIrigbClose(irigbCardHandle);
return 0;
}

/* ...To do in your IRIG-B program ... */

/* 4. Finally remember to close the IRIG-B device */
mxIrigbClose(irigbCardHandle);
```

For more information about creating an IRIG-B program, refer to the released code examples (such as ServiceSyncTime.cpp, unites.cpp, or mxIrigUtil.cpp).

Type section 1 content here.